



Our school is a friendly and safe place for us to learn and play

General

A drug is a substance which, when taken into the body, changes the way we feel, the way we see things and the way the body works. This section covers a range of drugs including medicines, tobacco, alcohol, solvents, novel psychoactive substances (so called 'legal highs'), volatile substances and illegal drugs and describes the school's approach to dealing with incidents of drug misuse. Apart from medicines prescribed to an individual, all other items listed above are classed as 'prohibited items' with respect to screening, searching and confiscation – Section 6.2 refers.

Drugs Education forms part of the PSHCE programme delivered in discrete sessions for all pupils.

- Current research indicates that drug use, both legal and illegal, is rising amongst young people.
- We do not support the misuse of tobacco, alcohol, solvents, illegal drugs and medicines by members of the school.
- Under no circumstances will the supply or sale of illegal drugs on the school site will be tolerated.
- The school believes it has a duty to inform and educate young people on the consequences of drug use and misuse.
- Fundamental to our school's values and practice is the principle of sharing the responsibility for education of young people with parents and carers by keeping them informed and involved at all times.
- Whilst we acknowledge that some young people will use and misuse substances, it is seen as important to recognise that the remainder of young people are choosing not to use or misuse substances. We will help individual learners according to their differing needs.

Responsibilities

The Head teacher has responsibility for supporting other members of staff in the implementation of these procedures. Judith Whitaker is named as the designated senior member of staff with responsibility for the drug related procedures in this school and for disseminating any information on drug-related education.

Drug prevention is a whole school issue. All staff, both teaching and support staff, will be made aware of these procedures and how they relate to them should they be called upon to deal with a drug-related incident.

The all staff make regular checks of the school premises – any substances or drug paraphernalia found will be reported to the Head teacher and dealt with in accordance with these procedures.

Dealing with Drug-Related Incidents

The following provides our framework for dealing with incidents surrounding the use, suspicion of use and finding of drugs and substances. We recognise that drug use can be a symptom of other problems and, where appropriate, we will involve or refer pupils to other services. Within our school the following guidelines apply to the possession or use of drugs, alcohol and tobacco on school premises:

Medicines

Where pupils are prescribed medicines, cases will be dealt with on an individual basis and appropriate procedures will be followed (e.g. safe storage and administration of medicines in line with national guidance). Information for parents/carers on this issue is available on request from the school.

Tobacco

In line with legislation, the school has a policy of No Smoking in the building and on the school site.

Alcohol

No alcohol is consumed during the course of the normal school day. Those hiring the school premises are not allowed to consume alcohol on site unless it has been authorised by the Governing Body and forms part of the Lettings Contract.

Solvents

The school will ensure that potentially harmful substances are stored safely, and pupils will be supervised carefully where such substances are used in the course of their work. The use of aerosol deodorants will be discouraged because of the potential risks to people with asthma or other bronchial problems.

Illegal substances

No illegal or illicit substances should be brought to school or used on school premises.

What to do in the event of finding a drug or suspected illegal substance

- (1) Take possession of the drug/substance and inform the Head teacher at the first available opportunity.
- (2) In the presence of a witness the article should be packed securely and labelled with the date, time and place of discovery.
- (3) The package should be signed by the person who discovered it and stored in a secure place.
- (4) The Head teacher will always involve the school's link community liaison police officer in the case of suspected drugs or illegal substances in school
- (5) In the event of discovering a hypodermic needle, the incident should be recorded and the following procedure should be observed in order to protect all persons:
 - Do **NOT** attempt to pick up the needle.
 - If possible, cordon off the area to make it safe.
 - Inform the Head teacher.
 - The needle should be placed in a sharps box or other secure metal box and disposed of via a local medical surgery [*ensure that the school has an arrangement for such a service*]

What to do in the event of finding or suspecting a pupil is in possession of a drug/drug paraphernalia

- (1) Request that the pupil hand over the article(s).
- (2) Having taken possession of the substance/paraphernalia, the procedure should be followed as above.
- (3) **EXTREME CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN IF HYPODERMIC NEEDLES ARE INVOLVED.**

If a pupil refuses to hand over articles a search may be required - it should be noted that in accordance with current DfE advice:

- The Head teacher and other authorised staff can search lockers etc. without the permission of the pupil when looking for prohibited items.
- Teachers can search a pupil's outer clothing so long as a witness is present without the consent of the pupil. The personal search must be undertaken by a teacher of the same sex with the witness

being the same sex wherever possible. Reasonable force may be used in order to complete the search.

- Pupils should be given the opportunity to empty their pockets, bag, etc. in the presence of a witness.

Procedures for dealing with a pupil suspected to be under the influence of a drug or substance

Stay calm, place the pupil in a quiet area, do not leave on their own and seek medical advice from the school's first aider who will assess the situation and act appropriately, the Head teacher must also be informed.

Any suspected substances found should travel with the pupil if removed from the school for treatment. Vomit should be safely collected where possible by the school's First Aider and also taken with the pupil (for analysis).

All drug related incidents will be recorded.

When to contact the police/disciplinary action

The police will always be contacted in situations where controlled drugs are found. Any decisions made on the appropriate disciplinary action to be taken will take the police advice into consideration.

- Where controlled drugs are found, these will be delivered to the police as soon as possible.
- Alcohol will be disposed of. Under no circumstances will be returned to the pupil.
- Tobacco or cigarette papers will also be disposed of in the same way as alcohol.
- If other substances are found which are not believed to be controlled drugs, these will be confiscated and disposed of in accordance with the school's procedures. This would include, for example, so called 'legal highs'. Where staff suspect that a substance may be a controlled drug, they will treat them as controlled drugs and follow the procedure above.

In the event of a drug-related incident in the school, the school would co-operate with the police should they wish to search the premises.

As a result of a drug-related incident, the pupil(s) concerned will be subject to disciplinary action. This action may result in a fixed term exclusion and in the most serious of cases would result in permanent exclusion.

Procedures for dealing with drug-related incidents involving adults

The following examples are situations where concerns about drug misuse or related behaviour involve a parent or other adult rather than pupils:

- Adults may attend school premises under the influence of alcohol or drugs.
- A parent or adult may attempt to remove a child from school premises during or at the end of the school day whilst under the influence of alcohol or drugs.
- An adult may behave aggressively, intimidate or threaten staff or assault school staff or pupils whilst appearing to be under the influence of alcohol or drugs.
- School staff may be concerned that a parent or family member's drug misuse may put the child at risk.
- An adult may be involving pupils in drug misuse or the supply of drugs to pupils.

These examples are not exhaustive and in each case, the Head teacher will take into account the safety of the whole school community including staff when determining the appropriate course of action.

Where, in the opinion of school staff, it is thought that an adult is unable to provide appropriate care and supervision of a child because they are under the influence of drugs or alcohol, they will first attempt to contact an alternative adult carer for the child before contacting the LA Social Care Services and, if necessary, the police.

Where there are concerns over the safety of the child, school staff will attempt to persuade the adult not to leave the premises with the child until appropriate assistance arrives. If the adult insists on leaving the school, staff will immediately contact the police. This will also be the case if an adult becomes threatening or aggressive.

If school staff have concerns about an adult or adults supplying drugs on or near school premises, or to any of the pupils outwith school premises, the Head teacher or other member of staff will consult with the police.

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